



AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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1. (currently amended) A Unconsolidated surface material comprising:
vulcanized rubber particles;
a color coating covering each of said vulcanized rubber particles; and
a polymer coating covering said color coating to thereby form abrasion
resistant surface material.
 2. (original) The surface material of claim 1, wherein said surface is a playground
surface.
 3. (original) The surface material of claim 1, wherein said surface is landscaping
mulch.
 4. (original) The surface material of claim 1, wherein said color coating is
selected from the group consisting of an organic pigment and an inorganic
pigment.
 5. (original) The surface material of claim 4, wherein said color coating further
comprises an opacifying pigment, an extender, a nonionic surfactant, and an
anionic surfactant.
 6. (original) The surface material of claim 1, further comprising an agent selected
from the group consisting of an ultraviolet light absorber, an ultraviolet light
quencher, a hindered amine light stabilizer, an antioxidant, and an antiozonate.
 7. (original) The surface material of claim 1, wherein said polymer coating is
selected from the group consisting of fully-saturated polyacrylate
co/terpolymer, polyurethane, self-crosslinking functionalized polyacrylate
multipolymer, styrene/butadiene rubber, and polybutadiene rubber.
 8. (cancelled)
 9. (original) A method of preparing colored rubber particles comprising:

mixing vulcanized rubber particles with an aqueous pigment dispersion
to color coat said rubber particles thereby forming color coated rubber
particles; and
adding an emulsion polymer to said color coated rubber particles to
form a protective film around said color coated rubber particles.
 10. (original) The method of claim 9, further comprising heating the color coated
rubber particles after the emulsion polymer has been added.

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11. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein said aqueous pigment dispersion is selected from the group consisting of an aqueous organic pigment dispersion and an aqueous inorganic pigment dispersion.
12. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein said aqueous pigment dispersion has a total solids content of between about 25 to 65 weight percent of said aqueous pigment dispersion.
13. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein said aqueous organic pigment dispersion further comprises one or more of the following: an extender, a rheological agent and an opacifying pigment.
14. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the amount of said aqueous pigment dispersion in said mixture is about 0.01 to about 8.00 weight percent of said vulcanized rubber particles.
15. (cancelled)
16. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein said emulsion polymer is selected from the group consisting of fully-saturated polyacrylate co/terpolymer, polyurethane, self-crosslinking functionalized polyacrylate multipolymer, styrene/butadiene rubber, and polybutadiene rubber.
17. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein said emulsion polymer has a T_g in the range of about -70°C to 20°C .
18. (currently amended) A method of converting vulcanized rubber into unconsolidated surface covering material comprising:
mixing rubber particles with an aqueous pigment dispersion to ~~form mixture; stirring said mixture to~~ color coat said rubber particles thereby forming color coated rubber particles; and
~~adding~~ mixing an aqueous polymer dispersion ~~to~~ with said color coated rubber particles to encapsulate said color coated rubber particles and form a protective film around said color coated rubber particles.
19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said vulcanized rubber comprises scrap tires.
20. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said aqueous pigment dispersion comprises a pigment and an aqueous dispersant.
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